EE112 – Engineering Mathematics II

Problem Set 11

Due by 5pm on Friday, 4 May 2018

1. Find the inverses of the following matrices using the adjugate method:

| | (1) | 5 | 2 | | 0 | 8 | 0 \ |
|-----|-----|----|------|-----|---|---|-----|
| (a) | 2 | 11 | 4 | (b) | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| | 0 | 2 | -1 / | | 2 | 0 | 0 / |

2. Find the inverses of the following matrices using Gauss-Jordan reduction:

| (a) | (- | 9 | $\begin{pmatrix} 3\\7 \end{pmatrix}$ | | $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \end{pmatrix}$ | 0 | 1 ` | / |
|-----|-----|----------|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|----|-----|---|
| | | -2^{2} | | (b) | -3 | 3 | -1 | |
| | | | | | 0 | -4 | 1 | Ϊ |

- 3. (a) Write the following systems of equations in matrix form:
 - (i) 8x 2y = 1, -4x + y = -10
 - (ii) $3x_1 + x_2 x_3 = 20, x_1 2x_3 = 16$
 - (iii) 2u + w = -1, u + 3v w = -12, -5u 4v + 3w = 32
 - (b) One of the matrix equations in (a) has a unique solution, Determine which it is, and use both the inverse-matrix and the Gauss-Jordan elimination methods to find the solution. (You should, of course, get the same solution from both methods.)